@ase 2:10-cr-00365-JCM-PAL Document 92 Filed 06/14/11 Page 1 of 2 1 2 3 4 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 5 DISTRICT OF NEVADA 6 7 2:10-CV-365 JCM (PAL) UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, 8 9 Plaintiff, 10 11 BRAD FUSSELL, 12 Defendant. 13 14 15 **ORDER** 16 Presently before the court is the government's motion in limine to compel production of 17 finger prints and palm print exemplars by defendant. (Doc. #83). To date, the defendant has not filed 18 a response. 19 The defendant is charged with conspiracy to distribute cocaine in violation of 21 U.S.C. § 20 841(a)(1) and 841(b)(1)(A)(ii)(II). On April 1, 2011, the government's attorney received a lab report 21 indicating that the defendant's fingerprints had been recovered from a package associated with the 22 cocaine seized in the investigation of this case. The government has attached a copy of the report 23 to the motion. (Doc. #83, ex. A). The government asserts that, although the defendant's fingerprints 24 have already been matched to prints recovered from packaging associated with the seized narcotics 25 in the instant case, additional information is needed to make a more complete comparison. 26 In support of its motion, the government contends that obtaining the defendant's set of prints 27 would expedite the trial process by precluding the need to call a third party witness. The government 28

also preempts a Fifth Amendment based defense argument. The Fifth Amendment privilege against compelled disclosure does not protect or prohibit the introduction of information obtained through an examination or display of physical characteristics, and defendants have no Fifth Amendment right against self-incrimination regarding the production of handwriting, printing and fingerprint exemplars. *Fernandez v. Rodriguez*, 761 F. Supp. 2d 558 (10th Cir. 1985), citing *Gilbert v. California*, 388 U.S. 263 (1967). Accordingly, the court may compel the defendant to produce the requested evidence without infringing on his constitutional rights.

Because compelling the defendant to provide the requested exemplars does not violate the defendant's rights, and because compulsion will be in the best interest of judicial economy, this court hereby grants the government's motion in limine to compel production of the defendant's finger prints and palm print exemplars requested herein. The government further requests, and this court orders, that the defendant's counsel, Paul Riddle, Esq., be present at the taking of the exemplar, and that the prints be provided in a timely manner so that the current trial date can be maintained.

Accordingly,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that the government's motion in limine to compel production of finger prints and palm print exemplars by the defendant (doc. #83) is hereby GRANTED.

DATED June 14, 2011.

James C. Mahan U.S. District Judge UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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